



**Global
Partnership**
for Effective Development
Co-operation

Evidence on Enhanced Effectiveness

16th Steering Committee Meeting
30 November 2018
New York

Evidence to Shape the 2019 Senior-Level Meeting

Enhanced support the effective development co-operation at country level

Systematic mapping of country experiences

Design & implementation of country pilots

Global Compendium of Good Practices

Driving country-level behaviour change

Call for evidence

Defining challenges

Sharing knowledge to scale up innovative development solutions

Robust needs assessment process

Inclusive consultations

Demand-driven Knowledge-Sharing Platform

Creating robust practitioner networks

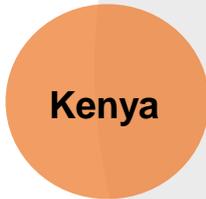
Accumulating evidence on persisting challenges & solutions

2019 Senior-Level Meeting

Global Partnership

Country Pilots

Strengthening management & use of data



Strengthening coordination mechanisms



Developing effectiveness policies



Monitoring the effectiveness of SSC



Understanding new sources of finance



Identifying Common Challenges

- The pilot launch workshop provided the space for pilot countries to share common challenges and exchange lessons learned in the implementation of effective development co-operation commitments.
- Along with the results of the knowledge sharing workstream's needs assessments, the following five challenge areas were identified:



- These challenge areas informed the design of the Call for Evidence and will be used as the basis for the organisation of the Global Compendium of Good Practices and the Knowledge Sharing Platform.
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The Global Compendium of Good Practices



Identifying Challenges

Pressing and persistent challenges will be identified and agreed for inclusion in the Global Compendium.



Collecting Evidence

Global Partnership stakeholders have been invited to submit evidence on tested solutions. The Joint Support Team is undertaking further complementary research, drawing from across workstreams.



Providing Actionable Solutions

The Global Compendium will provide guidance to governments and their partners on the implementation of effectiveness commitments at country level.



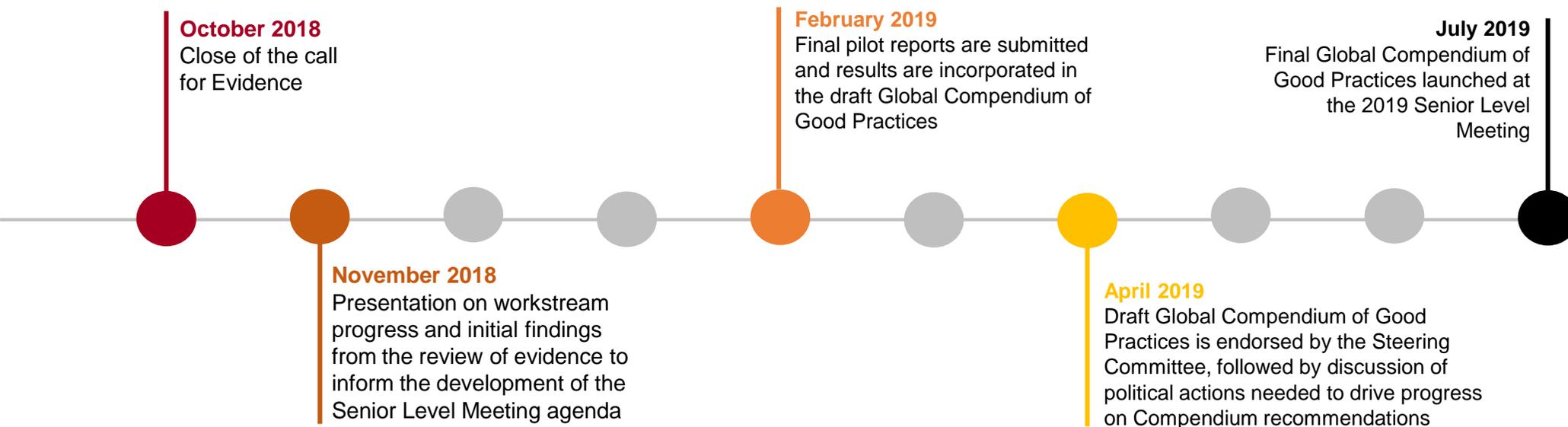
Informing the Senior-Level Meeting

The Global Compendium will provide a basis for Steering Committee members to advise on priority focus areas for the Senior-Level Meeting and future Global Partnership work planning.

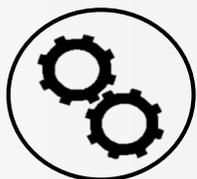


Workstream Timeline

KEY MILESTONES



KEY PROCESSES



May 2018 to February 2019
Design and implementation of country pilot activities



October 2018 to December 2019
Review of submissions received through the Call for Evidence and other complementary research undertaken



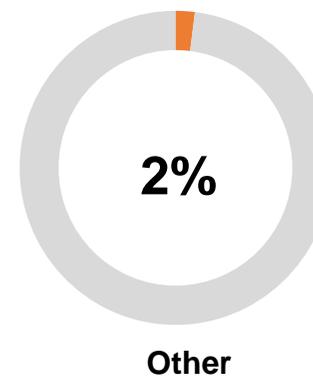
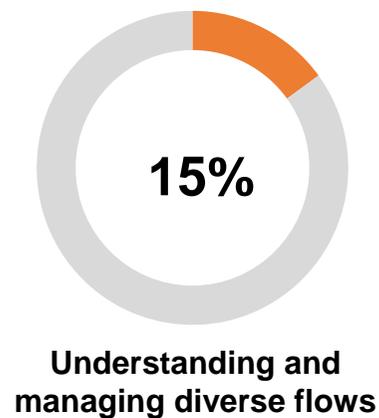
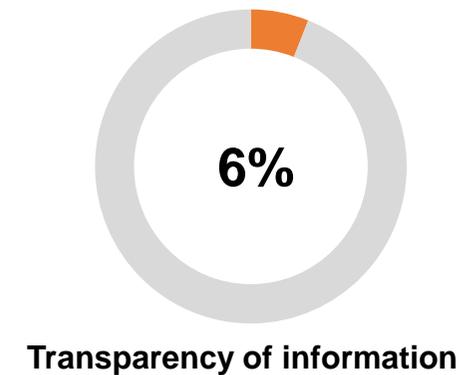
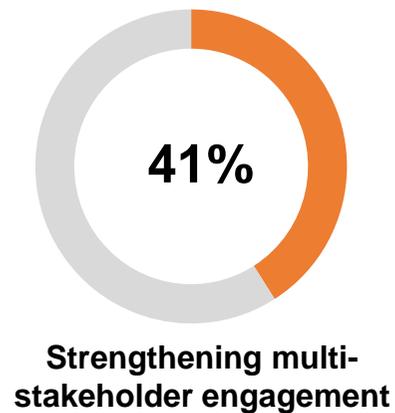
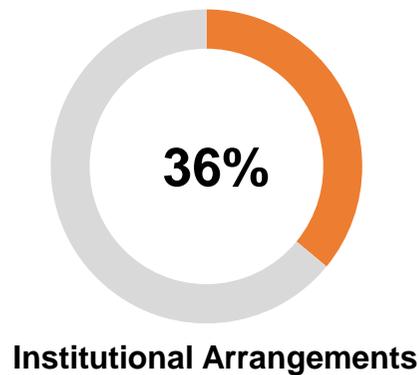
February to March 2019
Online consultations to further validate findings of the review of evidence and complementary research



February to June 2019
Drafting and finalisation of the Global Compendium of Good Practices

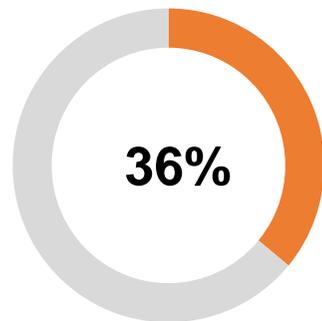
Results of the Call for Evidence

- The call for evidence received **95 submissions** from over **40 countries and organisations** globally.
- Submissions focused on the following broad areas:

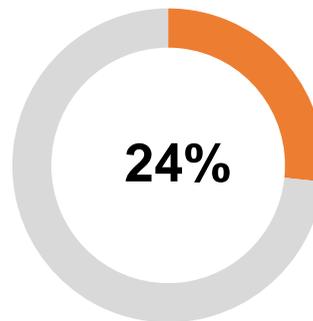


Results of the Call for Evidence

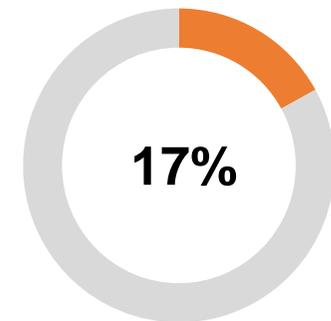
- Submissions were received from the following constituency groups:



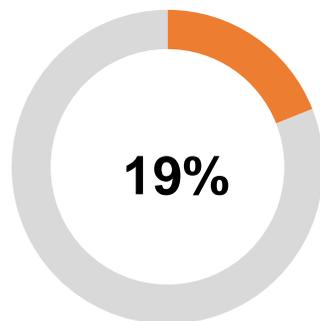
Civil society



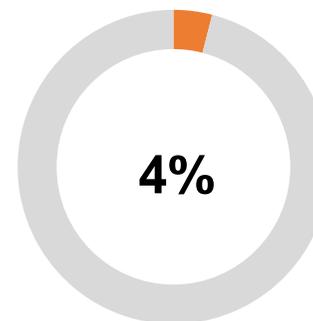
Partner countries



Development partners



Trade unions



Other



Emerging issues



Strengthening coordination and dialogue structures

- **Unclear roles and responsibilities**
- **Lack of alignment to national priorities**
- **Aid fragmentation**



Collecting, managing and using development co-operation data

- **Lack of usable development co-operation data**
- **Burdensome or duplicative data collection systems**
- **Late or non-reporting of development partners**



Engaging civil society, local governments and the private sector

- **Non-engagement of the private sector in development activities**
- **Insufficient mechanisms to engage different actors**



Building the capacity of various stakeholders

- **Limited understanding of how to engage in development co-operation**
- **Limited absorption capacity**
- **Limited local ownership**



Understanding and managing diverse finance flows

- **Insufficient systems to effectively manage development finance**
 - **Non-integration of development planning and financing systems**
 - **Limited understanding of how finance contributes to results**
 - **Limited use of country systems**
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