Feedback from the Africa Regional Meeting on the Implementation of the Africa Action Plan on Development Effectiveness

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Presentation outline

1. Background

2. Africa Action Plan on Development Effectiveness
   2.1 Decisions on Priority 1: Mobilize African resources for Africa’s development;
   2.2 Decisions on Priority 2: Support SSC, TC and regional integration for development;
   2.3 Decisions on Priority 3: Support Africa’s inclusive and sustainable economic transformation;
   2.4 Decisions on Priority 4: Create a representative and inclusive global development infrastructure (includes Africa’s feedback on GPEDC Vision, Monitoring Framework and Advisory Group.)
1. Background

- Kinshasa Regional Meeting was the culmination of consultations and workshops in Abidjan, Kinshasa, Dakar and Rustenburg;
- Delegates representing government, CSOs, business, academia, youth and parliamentarians from all African sub-regions;
- Convened to fast-track the implementation of Africa’s development priorities and provide feedback on selected GPEDC activities.
2. Africa Action Plan on Development Effectiveness

- Outlines four concrete African development priorities;
- Draws from African Consensus and Position on Development Effectiveness;
- AAP priorities aligned to common by member state development priorities;
- Result of extensive regional, sub-regional and national consultations;
- Policy alignment with AU Agenda 2063, 2nd Decade of NEPAD, Common African Position, and other regional consensus documents;
- Voluntary initiative that focuses and expresses Africa’s regional development priorities.
2.1 Decisions on Priority 1

- **Priority 1: Mobilise African resources for Africa’s development**
  - *Strengthening mechanisms and systems for DRM*
  - Possible actions: Quantify potential tax resources; mobilise informal sector; review tax legislation, innovative financial mechanisms and improve tax administration;
  - *Curb and eliminate illicit financial flows*
  - Possible actions: Address transfer pricing; exchange relevant tax information between countries (role of RECs);
  - *Support development of secondary economy and local SMEs*
  - Possible actions: Innovative uses of microcredit; reduce bureaucracy
  - *Strengthen corporate governance in extractive industries*
  - Possible actions: Mechanisms to ensure effective collection of tax, enforcement of environmental impact, and health and safety standards.
2.2 Decisions on Priority 2

- **Priority 2: Support SSC, TC and regional integration for development**
- *Strengthen existing SSC and TC partnerships*
- Possible actions: Scale-up SSC regional development projects;
- *Mainstream SSC & TC in regional political and economic institutions*
- Possible actions: Support the removal of barriers to free movement of people, capital, services and goods for intra-Africa SSC;
- *Development of national and regional SSC & TC policies for economic development*
- *Develop monitoring standard for SSC & TC*
2.2 Decisions on Priority 3

- **Priority 3: Support Africa’s inclusive and sustainable economic transformation**
  - *Redefine middle-income status classification*
  - Possible actions: Develop appropriate and comprehensive measures of MIC status; develop a model for African Counties of MICs addressing inequality and social exclusion;
  - *Exchange experience and knowledge within and between countries graduating to MIC status*
  - Possible actions: Support the collection of reliable data and statistics at national level;
  - *Support developmental role of private sector*
  - Possible actions: Promote and create income generating initiatives for the poor, marginalised communities, women and youth; develop and support PPP programmes.
2.2 Decisions on Priority 4

- Priority 4: Continue to foster a representative and inclusive global partnership

- *Africa’s input on GPEDC Vision*
- GPEDC to strengthen and leverage continental-sub-regional-national linkages
- *GPEDC to help stimulate the development of dedicated national, subregional and regional monitoring capacities*
- Strengthening knowledge exchange mechanisms, e.g. via Africa’s APDev
- *Africa’s input and participation on GPEDC Monitoring Framework*
- Monitoring process to involve the active participation of countries and regions